

## Final-Assignment-Q.3 ( 26 marks)

We consider a population of individuals of size  $M = 62\ 000$ . This population is made up of  $N = 15\ 000$  households. We denote:

$M_i =$  **Size of the household i (Number of individual),**

$y_i =$  **Number of men of the household i**

The data from the sample required for the calculations are shown in Table below.

Household identifier	$M_i$	$y_i$
1	5	1
2	6	3
3	3	1
4	3	1
5	2	1
...	...	...
...	...	...
...	...	...
25	2	1
26	4	3
27	3	1
28	4	2
29	2	1
30	4	2

$$\sum_{i=1}^{30} M_i = 104, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{30} y_i = 53, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{30} M_i^2 = 404, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{30} y_i^2 = 117,$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{30} y_i M_i = 206, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{30} \left( \frac{y_i}{M_i} \right)^2 = 8.5, \quad \sum_{i=1}^{30} \frac{y_i}{M_i} = 14.9,$$

**In this question we have three parts: Part 1, Part 2 and Part 3. All these parts use the same sample data above.**